# SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

# Deloitte.

Deloitte Audit SRL Sos. Nicolae Titulescu nr. 4-8 Intrare Est. Etaj 3 Sector 1. București. 011141 Romania

Tel: +40 (21) 222 16 61 Fax: +40 (21) 222 16 60 www.deloitte.ro

Reg.Com. J40/6775/1995 C.U.I. 7756924

To the shareholders of Fondul Proprietatea S.A. Bucharest, Romania

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# Report on the Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of S.C. Fondul Proprietatea S.A. (the "Fund") which comprise the separate statement of financial position as of December 31, 2009, and the separate statement of comprehensive income, separate statement of changes in shareholder's equity and separate statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2 Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

- 3 Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurances about the separate financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 4 An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate financial statements.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

6 In our opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the separate financial position of S.C. Fondul Proprietatea S.A. as at December 31, 2009, and its separate financial performance and its separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Other Matters

7 This report is made solely to the Fund's shareholders, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Fund's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

For signature, please refer to the original Romanian binding version.

Deloitte Audit S.R.L. Bucharest, Romania November 23, 2010

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

# Table of contents:

Statement of Comprehensive Income	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	3-4
Statement of Cash Flows	5-6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7-59

# STATEMENT OF COPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended	Year ended
Note	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
6	120,055,158	422,832,462
7	142,469,835	84,453,833
18	(1,455,233)	(3,892,093,521)
16	-	9,427,066
8	554,433,394	-
9	14,731,693	19,531,493
	830,234,847	(3,355,848,667)
10	(13,507,594)	(6,606,081)
11	(9,329,468)	(11,736,611)
	(22,837,062)	(18,342,692)
	807,397,785	(3,374,191,359)
12	(106,345,000)	569,656,826
	701,052,785	(2,804,534,533)
<b>:</b> -		
	963,761,683	(569,081,488)
	(154,201,869)	91,053,038
me	809,559,814	(478,028,450)
•		
	1,510,612,599	(3,282,562,983)
	7 18 16 8 9 10 11	7 142,469,835  18 (1,455,233)  16 -  8 554,433,394  9 14,731,693  830,234,847  10 (13,507,594) 11 (9,329,468) (22,837,062)  807,397,785  12 (106,345,000)  701,052,785  14 963,761,683  (154,201,869)  809,559,814

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 23 November 2010 by:

Grzegorz Maciej Konieczny as Legal Representative on behalf of

Franklin Templeton Investment Management Limited United Kingdom Sucursala Bucuresti acting in the capacity of Sole Director of S.C. Fondul Proprietatea S.A.

The notes on pages 7 to 59 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

	Note	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
Assets			
Cash	13	1,483,261	1,499,993
Deposits with banks	14	2,167,824,861	578,716,223
Treasury bills	15	-	397,648,315
Dividends receivable	16	18,348	498,321
Receivables in respect of equity			
contributions	17	14,471,412	78,317,588
Equity investments	18	9,541,979,640	9,005,477,668
Deferred tax assets	19	542,177,610	696,780,396
Other assets	20	700,128	1,944,183
Total assets		12,268,655,260	10,760,882,687
Liabilities			
Other liabilities	21	8,303,427	11,143,453
Total liabilities		8,303,427	11,143,453
Equity			
Share capital	22	13,757,592,587	13,757,592,587
Fair value reserve on available-for-			
sale financial assets	22	859,556,589	49,996,775
Other reserves	22	199,454,493	149,458,794
Accumulated losses		(2,556,251,836)	(3,207,308,922)
Total equity		12,260,351,833	10,749,739,234
Total liabilities and equity		12,268,655,260	10,760,882,687

The notes on pages 7 to 59 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

	Share capital	Fair value reserves on available-for-sale financial assets	Other reserves	Accumulated losses	Total attributable to the equity holders of the Fund
Balance at 31 December 2007	13,757,592,587	528,025,225	38,242,608	(201,560,522)	14,122,299,898
Total comprehensive income for the					
period					
Profit or loss	-	-	-	(2,804,534,533)	(2,804,534,533)
Other comprehensive income					
Net change in fair value of available-for-					
sale equity investments	-	(569,081,488)	-	-	(569,081,488)
Income tax on income and expense					
recognised directly in equity	-	91,053,038	-	-	91,053,038
Total other comprehensive income		(478,028,450)			(478,028,450)
Total comprehensive income for the	_				
period		(478,028,450)		(2,804,534,533)	(3,282,562,983)
Transactions with owners, recorded					
directly in equity					
Transfers to other reserves	-	-	111,216,186	(111,216,186)	-
Dividends declared				(89,997,681)	(89,997,681)
Total transactions with owners recorded					
directly in equity			111,216,186	(201,213,867)	(89,997,681)
Balance at 31 December 2008	13,757,592,587	49,996,775	149,458,794	(3,207,308,922)	10,749,739,234

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (CONTINUED) (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

		Fair value reserves on			Total attributable to
	Share capital	available-for-sale financial assets	Other reserves	Accumulated losses	the equity holders of the Fund
Balance at 31 December 2008	13,757,592,587	49,996,775	149,458,794	(3,207,308,922)	10,749,739,234
Total comprehensive income for the					
period Profit or loss	-	-	-	701,052,785	701,052,785
Other comprehensive income					
Net change in fair value of available-for-					
sale equity investments	-	963,761,683	-	-	963,761,683
Income tax on income and expense		(154 201 970)			(154.201.960)
recognised directly in equity  Total other comprehensive income	-	(154,201,869) <b>809,559,814</b>	-	-	(154,201,869) 809,559,814
Total comprehensive income for the	<u>-</u>	007,337,014			007,337,014
period	-	809,559,814		701,052,785	1,510,612,599
Transactions with owners, recorded					
directly in equity					
Transfers to other reserves			49,995,699	(49,995,699)	
Total transactions with owners recorded				/40 00 T	
directly in equity	-		49,995,699	(49,995,699)	
Balance at 31 December 2009	13,757,592,587	859,556,589	199,454,493	(2,556,251,836)	12,260,351,833

The notes on pages 7 to 59 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2009	Year ended 31 December 2008
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of equity instruments		980,237,872	-
Redemption of treasury bills		390,456,918	-
Interest received		139,629,790	71,256,895
Dividends received (net of withholding tax)		118,645,240	395,898,838
Realised foreign exchange gains on cash and			
cash equivalents		9,728,227	12,941,854
Creation of bank deposits maturing in more			
than three months		(1,279,523,616)	(92,248,546)
Income tax paid		(104,971,445)	(12,991,496)
Salaries and related taxes paid		(11,532,332)	(6,426,525)
Suppliers paid		(10,919,098)	(8,757,490)
Acquisition of treasury bills		-	(390,456,918)
Cash contributions to equity investments	18	<del>-</del>	(49,845,382)
Net cash from/ (used in) operating activities		231,751,556	(80,628,770)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of property and			
equipment		16,000	18,573
Acquisition of property and equipment		(23,561)	(392,079)
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,561)	(373,506)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Cash contributions to share capital	22	63,846,176	50,065,688
Dividends paid		(1,056,789)	(87,912,834)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		62,789,387	(37,847,146)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash			
equivalents		294,533,382	(118,849,422)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash		474,332,956	592,167,702
and cash equivalents held		(15,241)	1,014,676
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		768,851,097	474,332,956

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (CONTINUED) (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

		<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Cash	13	1,483,261	1,499,993
Bank deposits with original maturities of less			
than three months	14	767,367,836	472,832,963
		768,851,097	474,332,956

The notes on pages 7 to 59 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 1. Reporting entity

Fondul Proprietatea S.A. (referred to as "Fondul Proprietatea" or "the Fund") is an undertaking for collective investments, in the form of a closed end investment company, established in accordance with Law 247/2005 and Government Decision 1481/2005 and registered in Bucharest on 28 December 2005. During the reporting period, the address of the Fund's registered office was 17 Apolodor St., Sector 5, Bucharest. The headquarters were located at 15 Calea Victoriei, Sector 5, Bucharest. The Fund was a state controlled entity.

The Fund undertakes its activity in accordance with Law 247/2005 regarding the reform in property and justice, as well as certain adjacent measure, as amended, Law 297/2004 regarding the securities market, as amended, and Law 31/1990 regarding companies, as republished and amended.

In accordance with its statute, the main activity of the Fund is the management and administration of its portfolio, so as to grant compensations in respect of properties that cannot be returned in kind, through free of charge transfer of the Fund's shares from the State to the entitled persons, as well as other additional and adjacent activities, according to the regulations in force.

The Fund was established to allow the payment through equivalent of compensations in respect of abusive expropriations undertaken by the Romanian State, when properties were not returned in kind.

Following the fulfilment of the stages stipulated by law, a part of the holders of compensation rights are entitled to receive conversion rights and thus become shareholders of Fondul Proprietatea.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 2. Basis of preparation

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS/ IFRSs).

In addition to its consolidated financial statements, the Fund has prepared these separate financial statements in order to respond to the users' needs of supplementary financial information on the Fund's portfolio.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for equity investments that are quoted on an active market, which are measured at fair value.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Romanian Lei (RON), which is the Fund's functional currency. All financial information presented in RON has been rounded to the nearest unit.

#### (d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Note 4 financial risk management;
- Note 18 valuation of equity investments;
- Note 19 recognition of deferred tax assets; and
- Note 23 contingencies.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 2. Basis of preparation (continued)

# (e) Changes in accounting policies

Presentation of financial statements

The Fund applies revised IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* (2007), which became effective as of 1 January 2009. As a result, the Fund presents in the statement of changes in equity all owner changes in equity, whereas all non-owner changes in equity are presented in the statement of comprehensive income.

Comparative information has been re-presented so that it also is in conformity with the revised standard. Since the change in accounting policy only impacts presentation aspects, there is no impact on earnings per share.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### (a) Subsidiaries and associates

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Fund. Control exists when the Fund has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that currently are exercisable are taken into account, when applicable.

Associates are those entities in which the Fund has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. The existence of significant influence is determined by analysing the ownership structure of the companies in which the Fund holds 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee, their articles of incorporation and the Fund's power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee. The Fund does not exercise significant influence in a number of companies in which it holds between 20 and 50 percent of the voting power, where the Fund has failed to obtain representation on the investee's board of directors, the Fund's rights as minority shareholder are protective in nature, and not participative and the major shareholder, or a group of shareholders holding majority ownership of the investee, operates without regard to the views of the Fund.

The lists of subsidiaries and associates at 31 December 2009 are disclosed in note 24 (c) and (d).

In these separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for in accordance with IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, as available-for-sale financial assets (see accounting policy 3 (c) below).

#### (b) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the Fund at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortised cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the period. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognized in profit or loss.

The exchange rates of the main foreign currencies at 31 December 2009 were as follows: 4.2282 RON/EUR and 2.9361 RON/USD (31 December 2008: 3.9852 RON/EUR and 2.8342 RON/USD).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Financial assets and liabilities

#### (i) Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs, except for the investments in equity securities whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, which are recognised initially at cost.

The cost of equity investments which are contributed in kind by the Romanian State to the Fund's share capital is determined in accordance with the provisions of Law 247/2005, as amended by Government Emergency Ordinance (G.E.O.) 81/2007, as follows:

- for the shares received at the Fund's establishment in December 2005, the cost is equal to:
  - the weighted average price of the last 90 trading days, provided that the last of the 90 trading days is not more than 60 days prior to 24 November 2005, for companies listed on a stock exchange and whose trading volume over the last 90 trading days represented at least 0.3% of their share capital;
  - the book value of the shareholders' equity at 31 December 2004, determined in accordance with statutory financial statements, multiplied by the Fund's shareholding, for unlisted companies and for listed companies whose trading volume over the last 90 trading days represented less than 0.3% of their share capital;
- for the shares received in June 2007, in accordance with G.E.O. 81/2007, the cost is equal to:
  - the weighted average price of the last 90 trading days prior to 29 June 2007, for companies listed on a stock exchange and whose trading volume over the last 90 trading days represented at least 0.3% of their share capital;
  - the book value of the shareholders' equity at 31 December 2006, determined in accordance with statutory financial statements, multiplied by the Fund's shareholding, for unlisted companies and for listed companies whose trading volume over the last 90 trading days represented less than 0.3% of their share capital;
- for the additional shares received in companies owned by the Romanian State (through the Fund and State authorities) and to which the State has made contributions in kind, which are received by the Fund so as not to dilute its shareholding in such companies, the cost for the Fund is determined at the par value of the shares received.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (c) Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

#### (ii) Classification

See accounting policies 3(d), (e), (f) and (g).

#### (iii) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Fund is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

# (iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are set off and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund has a legal right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted by the accounting standards, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions.

#### (v) Amortised cost measurement

The amortised cost of a financial asset or liability is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

#### (vi) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date.

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active market for that instrument at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

If a market for an equity security is not active, the Fund tries to establish fair value using a valuation technique (net assets).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (c) Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

#### (vi) Fair value measurement (continued)

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is the transaction price, i.e., the fair value of the consideration given or received, unless the fair value of that instrument is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (i.e., without modification or repackaging) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets. When transaction price provides the best evidence of fair value at initial recognition, the financial instrument is initially measured at the transaction price and any difference between this price and the value initially obtained from a valuation model is subsequently recognised in profit or loss depending on the individual facts and circumstances of the transaction but not later than when the valuation is supported wholly by observable market data or the transaction is closed out.

Assets are measured at a bid price and liabilities are measured at an asking price.

# (vii) Identification and measurement of impairment

At each reporting date the Fund assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets are impaired. Financial assets are impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows of the asset that can be estimated reliably.

Impairment losses on assets carried at amortised cost are measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against the financial assets. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Impairment losses on equity investments carried at fair value are recognised by transferring the cumulative loss that has been recognised directly in equity to profit or loss. The cumulative loss that is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of an impaired equity investment increases, the recovery is recognised directly in equity.

Impairment losses on equity investments carried at cost (as their fair value cannot be reliably measured) are measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the book value of the share owned in companies' net assets, as management considers this to be the best estimate under its passive management approach.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (c) Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

(vii) Identification and measurement of impairment (continued)

Losses are recognised in profit or loss and are not reversed.

In determining that equity investments are impaired, the Fund considers all relevant factors, such as significant or prolonged decline in fair value below cost, market and industry conditions, to the extent that they influence the recoverable amount of the investment, financial conditions and near-term prospects of the issuer, including any specific adverse events that may influence the issuer's operations, recent losses of the issuer, qualified independent auditor's report on the issuer's most recent financial statements etc.

# (d) Cash and deposits with banks

Cash includes notes and coins on hand and current accounts held with banks.

Deposits with banks include deposits with original maturities of less than three months and deposits with original maturities of more than three months and less than one year.

Cash and deposits with banks are carried at amortised cost in the statement of financial position.

Deposits with banks with original maturities of less than three months are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the cash flow statement.

# (e) Held to maturity

The Fund's investments in Treasury bills are classified as held-to-maturity investments.

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Fund has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity, and which are not designated as at fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale.

Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any sale or reclassification of a more than insignificant amount of held-to-maturity investments not close to their maturity would result in the reclassification of all held-to-maturity investments as available-for-sale, and prevent the Fund from classifying investment securities as held-to-maturity for the current and the following two financial years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (f) Available-for-sale financial assets

The Fund's investments in equity securities are classified as available-for-sale financial assets.

#### (i) Equity investments carried at fair value

Subsequent to initial recognition, equity investments (other than those described at section (ii) below) are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses, are recognised directly in equity.

When an investment is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

# (ii) Equity investments carried at cost

Investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured using a valuation technique (net assets), are measured at cost, subject to impairment testing.

# (g) Other financial assets and liabilities

Other financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

# (h) Property and equipment

#### (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

# (ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Fund and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (h) Property and equipment (continued)

# (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property and equipment. Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative period are as follows:

Leasehold improvements 3 years
 IT equipment 3 years
 Vehicles 5 years
 Furniture and other equipment 5-10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date.

#### (i) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Fund's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

# (j) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effect.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (k) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

#### (l) Dividend income

Dividend income relating to quoted equity investments is recognised in profit or loss on the exdividend date. Income distributions from unquoted equity investments are recognised in profit or loss as dividend income when declared.

When the Fund receives or chooses to receive dividends in the form of additional shares rather than cash, the dividend income is recognised for the amount of the cash dividend alternative with the corresponding debit treated as an additional investment.

When bonus shares are received with no cash alternative and only certain shareholders are granted additional shares, the shares received are measured at fair value and a corresponding amount of dividend income is recognised. However, if all shareholders receive bonus shares in proportion to their shareholdings, no dividend income is recognised as the fair value of the Fund's interest should be unaffected by the bonus issue.

The Fund recognises dividends from subsidiaries and associates as income in its separate financial statements when its right to receive the dividend is established.

For late dividend payments, the Fund initiates legal recovery measures (conciliation, litigations etc.). The Fund is entitled to charge penalties for overdue net dividends; the penalty rate is equal to the legal interest rate (the National Bank of Romania's money market rate). Penalty income on dividends is recognised in the financial year when cashed in.

Dividend income is presented gross of dividend withholding taxes, which are recognised as income taxes.

#### (m) Interest

Interest income and expense are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

Interest income relates to current accounts, deposits held with banks and treasury bills.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (n) Foreign currency gains and losses

Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis and include realised and unrealised foreign exchange differences. The majority of such gains and losses relate to the current accounts and deposits in foreign currency held with banks.

# (o) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

# (p) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax includes also dividend withholding taxes.

Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends by the Fund are recognised at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend is recognised.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (p) Income tax (continued)

The effect on deferred tax of any changes in tax rates is charged to profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items previously charged or credited directly to equity.

The applicable tax rates are 16% (standard tax rate) and 10% (dividend withholding tax).

# (q) Employee benefits

# (i) Pensions and other post retirement benefits

The Fund, in the normal course of business, makes payments to the Romanian State on behalf of its employees. All employees of the Fund are members of the Romanian State pension plan. The Fund does not operate any other pension scheme or post retirement benefit plan and, consequently, has no obligation in respect of pensions. In addition, the Fund is not obliged to provide further benefits to its employees.

#### (ii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Fund is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the Fund has made an offer encouraging voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (r) New standards and interpretations not adopted

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the following standards, revisions and interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

- IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013). The Standard could change the classification and measurement of financial assets. The Fund does not plan to adopt this standard early and the extent of the impact has not been determined.
- IFRS 1 (revised) *First-time Adoption of IFRS* (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009);
- IFRS 3 (revised) *Business Combinations* (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009);
- Amendments to IFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of IFRS* Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010);
- Amendments to IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of IFRS Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010);
- Amendments to IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* Group cash-settled share-based payment transactions (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010);
- Amendments to IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures* Simplifying the disclosure requirements for government-related entities and clarifying the definition of a related party (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011);
- Amendments to IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009);
- Amendments to IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* Accounting for rights issues (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010);
- Amendments to IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Eligible hedged items (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009);
- Amendments to various standards and interpretations *Improvements to IFRSs* (2009) resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS published on 16 April 2009 (IFRS 2, IFRS 5, IFRS 8, IAS 1, IAS 7, IAS 17, IAS 18, IAS 36, IAS 38, IAS 39, IFRIC 9 and IFRIC 16) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording, (most amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010);

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (r) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted (continued)

- Amendments to various standards and interpretations *Improvements to IFRSs* (2010) resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS published on 6 May 2010 (IFRS 1, IFRS 3, IFRS 7, IAS 1, IAS 27, IAS 34, IFRIC 13) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (most amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011);
- IFRIC 17 *Distributions of Non-Cash Assets to Owners* (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009);
- IFRIC 18 *Transfers of Assets from Customers* (effective for transfer of assets from customers received on or after 1 July 2009);
- Amendments to IFRIC 14 IAS 19 The Limit on a defined benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011);
- IFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010).

The Fund has elected not to adopt these standards, revisions and interpretations in advance of their effective dates. The Fund anticipates that the adoption of these standards, revisions and interpretations, except for IFRS 9, will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Entity in the period of initial application.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management

The Fund's investment portfolio comprises quoted and unquoted equity investments.

The Fund's investing activities expose it to various types of risks that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it invests. The most important types of financial risks to which the Fund is exposed are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Due to the specific nature of the Fund's activities following its establishment in December 2005, involving clarifications on legal matters resulting from the transfers of shares from the State, rather than effective trading with the respective shares, a passive risk management approach has been adopted by the Fund in this period with no formal risk policies and procedures in place.

By 31 December 2009, the Fund Manager, which should manage the distribution of the equity investments and mitigate financial risks has not been appointed.

#### (a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as equity prices, interest rates and foreign exchange rates will affect the Fund's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. By 31 December 2009, management had not established formal guidelines regarding market risks.

# (i) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the value of an equity instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether caused by factors specific to its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

Equity price risk arises from available-for-sale equity securities received as contribution in kind.

The companies in which the Fund holds equity securities operate in different industries.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

#### (i) Equity price risk (continued)

The Fund's exposure to industries was as follows:

	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
Electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply	5,226,106,760	5,623,810,930
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural		
gas	3,252,692,860	2,478,096,008
Land transport	329,794,626	260,219,036
Manufacture of basic metals	230,534,532	146,109,892
Supporting and auxiliary transport activities	203,996,831	199,337,389
Post and telecommunications	84,384,880	84,384,880
Other	214,469,151	213,519,533
	9,541,979,640	9,005,477,668

The Fund has equity investments of RON 3,499,484,174 at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 2,536,394,557) which are listed on the Bucharest Stock Exchange at either BSE or RASDAQ segment. For such investments, a ten percent increase in the BET-C plus a ten percent increase in the RASDAQ-C at the reporting date would have increased equity by RON 301,301,024 after tax (2008: RON 178,830,073); an equal change in the opposite direction would have decreased equity by RON 301,301,024 after tax (2008: RON 178,830,073). The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2008.

# (ii) Interest rate risk

The Fund places cash into fixed rate bank deposits original maturities of more than one month and less than six months and treasury bills.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Fund's interest-bearing financial instruments based on notional amounts was:

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Fixed rate instruments		
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
less than three months	767,367,836	472,832,963
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
more than three months and less than one		
year	1,382,365,832	97,823,509
Treasury bills		390,456,918
	2,149,733,668	961,113,390

# (iii) Currency risk

The Fund is exposed to currency risk on current accounts and deposits held with banks that are denominated in foreign currencies, i.e. euro (EUR) and U.S. dollars (USD).

The local currency depreciated compared to the EUR (from 3.9852 RON/EUR at 31 December 2008 to 4.2282 at 31 December 2009) and compared to the USD (from 2.8342 RON/EUR at 31 December 2008 to 2.9361 at 31 December 2009).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

# (a) Market risk (continued)

# (iii) Currency risk (continued)

The Fund's exposure to currency risk was as follows:

	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
RON		
Monetary assets		
Petty cash	1,641	12,380
Current accounts with banks	1,460,545	1,422,646
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
less than three months	736,234,542	409,327,239
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
more than three months and less than one		
year	227,443,994	-
Interest accrued on bank deposits	9,653,154	6,906,846
Treasury bills	-	397,648,315
Dividends receivable	18,348	498,321
Receivables in respect of equity		
contributions	14,471,412	78,317,588
Other receivables	137,171	142,851
	989,420,807	894,276,186
Monetary liabilities		
Other liabilities	(7,362,141)	(9,179,453)
	(7,362,141)	(9,179,453)
	982,058,666	885,096,733

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

#### (iii) Currency risk (continued)

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	31 December 2008
EUR		
Monetary assets		
Current accounts with banks	21,075	64,967
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
less than three months	31,133,294	63,505,723
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
more than three months and less than one		
year	1,154,921,837	97,823,509
Interest accrued on bank deposits	8,438,040	1,152,906
	1,194,514,246	162,547,105
Monetary liabilities	-	-
	1,194,514,246	162,547,105

A ten percent strengthening of the RON against the EUR at 31 December would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amount shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2008.

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	31 December 2008
Profit or loss		
EUR	(119,451,425)	(16,254,711)
	(119,451,425)	(16,254,711)

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Fund if counterparties to financial instruments fail to meet their contractual obligations, and arises principally from cash and deposits with banks, treasury bills, dividends receivable and receivables in respect of equity contributions.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

# (b) Credit risk (continued)

# (i) Cash and deposits with banks

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk from cash and deposits with banks was RON 2,169,306,481 at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 580,203,836).

Cash and deposits are held with the following banks:

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Cash and deposits held with		
B.C.R.	394,025,054	171,609,418
BRD - Groupe Societe Generale	253,780,760	171,509,807
Raiffeisen Bank	248,093,470	155,951,226
Piraeus Bank	213,992,379	-
Bancpost	210,061,955	23,930,817
C.E.C.	198,624,036	57,202,568
Volksbank	192,566,558	-
Banca Romaneasca	177,478,996	-
Alpha Bank	107,037,843	-
Unicredit Tiriac Banc	90,403,903	-
Millenium Bank	53,075,878	-
MKB Romexterra Bank	30,165,649	
	2,169,306,481	580,203,836

Current accounts and deposits are held with large banks in Romania.

By 31 December 2009 management has not established a formal policy regarding bank counterparty risks.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

#### (ii) Treasury bills

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk from treasury bills was nil at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 397,648,315).

# (iii) Dividends receivable

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk from dividends receivable was RON 18,348 at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 498,321).

Dividend income is recognised in the income statement on the ex-dividend date (quoted equity securities) or on the date dividends are declared (unquoted equity securities).

In 2006, several companies paid dividends for the year ended 2005 to the State authorities from which the Fund received its shareholdings at its establishment, instead of making such payments to the Fund, as shareholder at the date when the dividends were declared. The Fund initiated legal proceedings to recover such dividends. At 31 December 2008 and 31 December 2009, the Fund recognised impairment losses on such dividends for which recoverability was not certain.

# (iv) Receivables in respect of equity contributions

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk from receivables in respect of equity contributions was RON 14,471,412 at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 78,317,588).

The receivables in respect of equity contributions represent the amount that should be disbursed by the majority shareholder of the Fund (the Romanian State, represented by the Ministry of Economy and Finance) for the subscribed share capital to be fully paid in.

Management does not expect the majority shareholder to fail to meet its obligations.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation.

The following are the contractual maturities of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

# (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 12 months	No fixed maturity
31 December 2009				
Financial assets				
Cash	1,483,261	-	-	-
Deposits with banks	20,081,423	552,961,607	1,594,781,831	-
Dividends receivable	18,348	-	-	-
Receivables in respect of				
equity contributions	-	-	-	14,471,412
Equity investments	-	-	-	9,541,979,640
Other receivables	137,171	-	-	<u>-</u>
	21,720,203	552,961,607	1,594,781,831	9,556,451,052
Financial liabilities				
Other liabilities	7,362,141	-	-	
	7,362,141	-	-	-
	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 12 months	No fixed maturity
31 December 2008				·
Financial assets				
Tildicia assess				
Cash	1,499,993	-	-	-
	1,499,993 3,433,106	- 476,369,828	98,913,289	-
Cash		- 476,369,828 -	98,913,289 397,648,315	- - -
Cash Deposits with banks		- 476,369,828 - -		- - -
Cash Deposits with banks Treasury bills Dividends receivable	3,433,106	476,369,828 - -		- - - -
Cash Deposits with banks Treasury bills Dividends receivable Receivables in respect of	3,433,106	476,369,828 - -		- - - - 78,317,588
Cash Deposits with banks Treasury bills Dividends receivable	3,433,106	- 476,369,828 - - -		78,317,588 9,005,477,668
Cash Deposits with banks Treasury bills Dividends receivable Receivables in respect of equity contributions	3,433,106	476,369,828 - - - -		
Cash Deposits with banks Treasury bills Dividends receivable Receivables in respect of equity contributions Equity investments	3,433,106 - 498,321	476,369,828 - - - 476,369,828		
Cash Deposits with banks Treasury bills Dividends receivable Receivables in respect of equity contributions Equity investments	3,433,106 - 498,321 - - 142,851	- - -	397,648,315	9,005,477,668
Cash Deposits with banks Treasury bills Dividends receivable Receivables in respect of equity contributions Equity investments Other receivables	3,433,106 - 498,321 - - 142,851	- - -	397,648,315	9,005,477,668

Given the specific nature of the receivables in respect of equity contributions (see note 17), management cannot estimate their maturity or whether the Fund will receive cash and cash equivalents or other types of assets on their derecognition.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

# (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The Fund's equity investments include unquoted securities, which are not traded in an organised public market and which generally may be illiquid. As a result, the Fund may not be able to liquidate quickly some of its investments in these instruments at an amount close to its fair value in order to meet its liquidity requirements, or to respond to specific events such as deterioration in the credit worthiness of any particular issuer.

The Fund's quoted equity securities are listed on the Bucharest Stock Exchange. However, not all quoted shares are considered liquid due to insufficient volumes of transactions.

#### (d) Taxation risk

On 1 January 2007 Romania became a member of the European Union ("EU") and therefore has to apply detailed and complex rules on the basis of the EU Treaties, Regulations and Directives. The Fund has to conform to EU legislation from 1 January 2007 and, therefore, it has prepared to apply the changes arising from the EU legislation. These changes have been implemented, however the tax authorities have up to 5 years to audit the way these changes were implemented.

Interpretation of the text and practical implementation procedures of the newly enforced EU tax regulations could vary, and there is a risk that certain transactions, for example, could be viewed differently by the tax authorities as compared to the Fund's treatment.

Furthermore, the Romanian Government has a number of agencies that are authorized to conduct audits (controls) of companies operating in Romania. These controls are similar in nature to tax audits performed by tax authorities in many countries, but may extend not only to tax matters but to other legal and regulatory matters in which the applicable agency may be interested. It is likely that the Fund will continue to be subject to regular controls as new laws and regulations are issued.

# (e) Operating environment

The process of risk repricing during 2007 and 2008 in the international financial markets severely affected the performance of those markets, including the Romanian financial market, and fostered heightened uncertainty with regard to economic developments going forward.

The ongoing global credit and liquidity crisis which commenced in the middle of 2007 has resulted in, among other things, lower level and difficult access to the capital market funding and lower liquidity levels across the Romanian banking sector.

Such ongoing fears that the deteriorating financial conditions could contribute, at a later stage to a further retrenchment in confidence, prompted a coordinated effort of governments and central banks to adopt special measures aimed at countering a vicious circle of growing risk aversion and to helping minimise the effects of the financial crisis and finally restoring normal market functioning.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Financial risk management (continued)

# (e) Operating environment (continued)

Management is unable to predict all developments which could have an impact on the Romanian financial sector and consequently what effect, if any, they could have on these financial statements.

Management is unable to reliably estimate the effects on the Fund's financial statements of any further deterioration in the liquidity of the financial markets, devaluation of financial assets influenced by the illiquid credit market conditions and the increased volatility in the currency and equity markets.

# (f) Operational risks

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Fund's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Fund's operations.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the Fund's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

#### (g) Capital management

Management's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' confidence, to sustain future development and ultimately to ensure the financial resources necessary to grant compensations in respect of abusive expropriations during the communist regime.

The Fund's capital (shareholders' equity) comprises share capital, fair value and other reserves and retained earnings. The shareholders' equity was RON 12,173,983,746 at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 10,749,739,234).

Until the selection of the Fund Manager, the Fund has undertaken passive portfolio management.

The Fund is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 5. Financial assets and financial liabilities

# Accounting classifications and fair values

The table below sets out the carrying amounts and fair values of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities:

	Loans and receivables	Held to maturity	Available-for-sale	Other amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
31 December 2009		•				
Cash	1,483,261	-	-	-	1,483,261	1,483,261
Deposits with banks	2,167,824,861	-	-	-	2,167,824,861	2,167,824,861
Dividends receivable	18,348	-	-	-	18,348	18,348
Receivables in respect of equity						
contributions	14,471,412	-	-	-	14,471,412	Not available
Equity investments at fair value	-	-	3,499,484,174	-	3,499,484,174	3,499,484,174
Equity investments at cost	-	-	6,042,495,466	-	6,042,495,466	Not available
Other receivables	137,171	-	-	-	137,171	137,171
Other liabilities	-	-	-	(7,362,141)	(7,362,141)	(7,362,141)
	2,183,935,053	-	9,541,979,640	(7,362,141)	11,718,552,552	Not available

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 5. Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

**Accounting classifications and fair values (continued)** 

	Loans and	Held to		Other	Total carrying	
	receivables	maturity	Available-for-sale	amortised cost	amount	Fair value
31 December 2008						
Cash	1,499,993	-	-	-	1,499,993	1,499,993
Deposits with banks	578,716,223	-	=	-	578,716,223	578,716,223
Treasury bills	-	397,648,315	-	-	397,648,315	396,449,541
Dividends receivable	498,321	-	-	-	498,321	498,321
Receivables in respect of equity						
contributions	78,317,588	-	=	-	78,317,588	Not available
Equity investments at fair value	-	-	2,536,394,557	-	2,536,394,557	2,536,394,557
Equity investments at cost	-	-	6,469,083,111	-	6,469,083,111	Not available
Other receivables	142,851	-	-	-	142,851	142,851
Other liabilities	-	-	=	(9,179,453)	(9,179,453)	(9,179,453)
_	659,174,976	397,648,315	9,005,477,668	(9,179,453)	10,053,121,506	Not available

At 31 December 2008 and 31 December 2009, management estimated that the dividends receivable for which no impairment losses were recognised would be collected within a short period of time and therefore their carrying amount approximated fair value.

Receivables in respect of equity contributions and equity investments carried at cost do not have reliably measurable fair values.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 6. Gross dividend income

	Year ended	Year ended
	<b>31 December 2009</b>	31 December 2008
Romgaz S.A.	40,912,828	38,685,776
Alro Slatina S.A.	18,893,734	42,959,523
Transgaz S.A.	18,475,571	17,046,229
Distrigaz Sud S.A.	14,496,020	22,759,383
Aeroportul International Henri Coanda		
Bucuresti S.A.	10,127,189	8,438,384
Conpet S.A.	7,116,275	2,340,125
Transelectrica S.A.	2,968,564	3,562,277
Complexul Energetic Turceni S.A.	2,331,100	8,166,104
Primcom S.A.	1,524,281	1,154,234
Complexul Energetic Rovinari S.A.	3,751	9,103,431
Petrom S.A.	-	217,570,587
Enel Distributie Banat S.A.	-	29,471,961
Enel Distributie Dobrogea S.A.	-	13,219,626
Other	3,205,845	8,354,822
	120,055,158	422,832,462

During 2008 and 2009, dividend income was subject to 10% withholding tax, unless the related shareholding had been larger than 10% (2008: 15%) for at least two years prior to the dividend distribution (in which case no withholding tax was due) in 2009.

## 7. Interest income

Interest income amounting to RON 142,469,835 in 2009 (2008: RON 84,453,833) arises from deposits held with banks and from treasury bills.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

## 8. Gains / (Losses) on disposal of equity investments

During 2009 the Fund sold the shareholdings held in: Centrofarm S.A. (17.34%), CEZ Distributie S.A. (30%), CEZ Vanzare S.A. (30%), CEZ Servicii S.A. (12%) and Petrom Aviation (3%).

The gain on disposal of these equity investments was RON 554,433,394, representing the difference between the cash received (RON 980,237,872) and the carrying amount of the shares (RON 425,804,478).

No disposal of equity investments occurred in 2008.

# 9. Net foreign exchange gains

	Year ended	Year ended	
	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>	
Realised foreign exchange gains	9,728,227	12,941,854	
Unrealised foreign exchange gains	5,003,466	6,589,639	
	14,731,693	19,531,493	

Foreign exchange gains and losses arise mainly on the maturity of foreign currency deposits and on the revaluation of such deposits at the year end exchange rates.

# 10. Personnel expenses

	Year ended	Year ended
	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Salaries	10,693,022	5,252,928
Salary related contributions	2,814,572	1,353,153
	13,507,594	6,606,081

Salaries include compensation paid to administrators (members of the Fund's Supervisory Board) and to members in the selection commission.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 11. Other operating expenses

	Year ended	Year ended
	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Third party services	8,452,723	8,078,349
Other operating expenses	876,745	3,658,262
	9,329,468	11,736,611

# 12. Income tax expense

	Year ended 31 December 2009	Year ended 31 December 2008
Current tax expense		
Current tax (16%)	104,054,192	13,296,780
Dividend withholding tax (10%)	1,889,891	40,086,884
	105,944,083	53,383,664
Deferred tax expense/ (benefit)		
Impairment losses on equity investments	237,283	(622,726,250)
Provisions for restructuring	163,634	(314,240)
	400,917	(623,040,490)
Total income tax expense/ (benefit)	106,345,000	(569,656,826)

The effective tax rate used to calculate the deferred tax position of the Fund for the years ended 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 was 16% (standard tax rate).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 12. Income tax expense (continued)

	Year ended 31 December 2009	Year ended 31 December 2008
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	701,052,785	(2,804,534,533)
Income tax expense/ (benefit)	106,345,000	(569,656,826)
Profit/ (Loss) excluding income tax	807,397,785	(3,374,191,359)
Income tax using the standard tax rate		
(16%)	129,183,646	(539,870,617)
Effect of:		
Lower tax rate on dividend income	(17,318,933)	(27,566,308)
Profit appropriation to legal reserve	(5,479,910)	(701,997)
Impairment losses on dividends receivable	-	(1,508,331)
Loss on decrease in Nuclearelectrica		
share capital	-	-
Other non-deductible expenses	(39,803)	(9,573)
Total income tax expense/ (benefit)	106,345,000	(569,656,826)
	Year ended	Year ended
	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Income tax recognised directly in equity		
Equity investments carried at fair value	154,201,869	(91,053,038)
2 -	154,201,869	(91,053,038)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

## 13. Cash

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Petty cash	1,641	12,380
Current accounts with banks	1,481,620	1,487,613
	1,483,261	1,499,993

The current accounts held with banks are not pledged as collateral for liabilities.

# 14. Deposits with banks

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	31 December 2008
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
less than three months	767,367,836	472,832,963
Bank deposits with original maturities of		
more than three months and less than one		
year	1,382,365,832	97,823,509
Interest accrued on bank deposits	18,091,193	8,059,751
	2,167,824,861	578,716,223

The deposits held with banks are not pledged as collateral for liabilities.

# 15. Treasury bills

At 31 December 2009 the Fund did not had treasury bills in financial instruments.

The Fund acquired in 2008 treasury bills with an acquisition price of RON 390,456,918. The accrued interest for treasury bills at 31 December 2008 was RON 7,191,397.

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Treasury bills with original maturities of		
more than three months and less than one	-	390,456,918
Interest accrued on Treasury bills		7,191,397
	-	397,648,315

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

#### 16. Dividends receivable

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	31 December 2008
Dividends receivable		
Romgaz S.A.	18,510,456	18,510,456
Transgaz S.A.	9,634,993	9,634,993
Other dividends receivable	824,433	1,304,406
	28,969,882	29,449,855
Impairment loss allowance		
Romgaz S.A.	(18,510,456)	(18,510,456)
Transgaz S.A.	(9,634,993)	(9,634,993)
Other dividends receivable	(806,085)	(806,085)
	(28,951,534)	(28,951,534)
	18,348	498,321

In 2006, several companies paid dividends for the year ended 31 December 2005 to the State authorities from which the Fund received its shareholdings at its establishment, instead of making such payments to the Fund, as a shareholder at the date when the dividends were declared. The Group initiated legal procedures to recover such dividends, together with any related interest (see also note 23).

In 2008, the Fund recognised impairment losses of RON 204,714 on such dividends for which recoverability was not certain and reversed losses of RON 9,631,780 following their recovery.

# 17. Receivables in respect of equity contributions

The receivables in respect of equity contributions are non-interest bearing financial assets representing the consideration that should be paid (in cash or in kind) by the majority shareholder of the Fund (the Romanian State, represented by the Ministry of Economy and Finance) for the subscribed share capital to be fully paid in.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

## 17. Receivables in respect of equity contributions (continued)

In accordance with Law 247/2005 (as amended by Government Emergency Ordinance 209/2005), these receivables are derecognised subject to the majority shareholder making:

- cash contributions, representing the following types of amounts to be received by the State:
  - the recovery of certain foreign trade receivables;
  - the sale to a strategic investor of 4% of B.C.R. S.A. shares;
  - the initial trading on a domestic or foreign stock exchange of 3% of Romtelecom S.A.;
  - 20% of the amounts received in respect of the privatisation of Romtelecom S.A.;
  - 9.9% of the amounts received in respect of the privatisation of C.E.C. S.A.; or
- contributions in kind of other types of assets (to be decided upon in the future).

The receivables in respect of equity contributions amounted to RON 14,471,412 at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 78,317,588; see also note 22).

Given the specific nature of the receivables in respect of equity contributions, their fair value cannot be measured reliably at 31 December 2009 or 31 December 2008.

## 18. Equity investments

In accordance with Law 247/2007, as amended by Government Emergency Ordinance 209/2005, the Fund received, at its establishment on 28 December 2005, shares in one hundred and seventeen companies as contribution in kind from the Romanian State, as sole shareholder.

In June 2007, Government Emergency Ordinance 81/2007 came into force, in accordance with which:

- thirty-two new shareholdings were added to the Fund's portfolio as contribution in kind to
  its share capital (twenty-one shareholdings in companies already in the portfolio and eleven
  shareholdings in companies not previously in the portfolio);
- thirty-nine shareholdings were removed from the Fund's portfolio and transferred back to the State.

The valuation of the shares contributed by the Romanian State in December 2005 and June 2007 was performed in October 2007 by an independent valuer (Finevex S.R.L. Constanta), who followed the valuation methodology set forth by Government Emergency Ordinance 81/2007. The value of the shareholdings, as determined by the valuer, represents the cost of the equity investments.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 18. Equity investments (continued)

Equity investments are available-for-sale financial assets and are carried at fair value, except for the investments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, which are carried at cost less impairment.

Fair values at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 were determined by reference to published price quotations on the Bucharest Stock Exchange, where applicable. Equity investments quoted on the Bucharest Stock Exchange, which are not traded in an active market, and unquoted securities are carried at cost less impairment.

At 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008, for equity investments carried at cost, no fair values could be determined using valuation techniques as the range of reasonable fair value estimates was significant and the probabilities of the various estimates could not be reasonably assessed.

The movement in the carrying amounts of equity investments is as follows:

	Equity	Equity	
	investments	investments	<b>Total equity</b>
	at fair value	at cost	investments
<b>31 December 2007</b>	6,820,001,643	6,596,174,422	13,416,176,065
Shares contributions in kind			
by the State	-	631,230	631,230
Cash contributions to			
companies in portfolio	-	49,845,382	49,845,382
Transfer between			
categories	177,353,514	(177,353,514)	-
Impairment losses	(3,891,879,112)	(214,409)	(3,892,093,521)
Changes in fair value	(569,081,488)	-	(569,081,488)
31 December 2008	2,536,394,557	6,469,083,111	9,005,477,668
	Equity	Equity	
	investments	investments	<b>Total equity</b>
	at fair value	at cost	investments
31 December 2008	2,536,394,557	6,469,083,111	9,005,477,668
Disposals	(672,066)	(425,132,412)	(425,804,478)
Impairment losses	-	(1,455,233)	(1,455,233)
Changes in fair value	963,761,683		963,761,683
31 December 2009	3,499,484,174	6,042,495,466	9,541,979,640

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

#### 18. Equity investments (continued)

In 2008, the shares of Transgaz S.A. started to be traded on the Bucharest Stock Exchange. As their market was active in 2008, they were transferred to the "equity investments at fair value" category from the "equity investments at cost" category (see "transfer between categories" above).

In 2008, Hidroelectrica S.A., Electrica Distributie Muntenia Nord S.A. and Romgaz S.A. received ownership titles over several plots of land, which were treated as contributions in kind made by the Romanian State to the share capital of these companies. In accordance with Law 247/2005, as amended, the Fund received additional shares in these companies, so that its shareholding would not be diluted, and such shares were recognised at par value against the receivables in respect of equity contributions (see "shares contributions in kind by the State" above).

During 2009 the Fund sold the shareholdings held in: Centrofarm S.A. (17.34%), CEZ Distributie S.A. (30%), CEZ Vanzare S.A. (30%), CEZ Servicii S.A. (12%) and Petrom Aviation (3%) (see "disposals" above).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 18. Equity investments (continued)

The structure of the Fund's portfolio is the following:

	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
Equity investments at fair value		
Petrom S.A.	2,836,391,416	2,061,794,564
Transgaz S.A.	277,045,340	215,283,640
Transelectrica S.A.	133,585,362	108,847,332
Alro Slatina S.A.	175,021,992	89,282,474
Other	77,440,064	61,186,547
	3,499,484,174	2,536,394,557
Equity investments at cost		
Hidroelectrica S.A.	2,761,181,429	2,761,181,429
Nuclearelectrica S.A.	581,846,011	581,846,011
Romgaz S.A.	416,301,444	416,301,444
CEZ Distributie S.A.	-	414,080,000
Complexul Energetic Turceni S.A.	282,299,927	282,299,927
Complexul Energetic Craiova S.A.	250,169,153	250,169,153
Electrica Muntenia Nord S.A.	165,223,950	165,223,950
Complexul Energetic Rovinari S.A.	137,615,732	137,615,732
E.ON Moldova S.A.	131,073,011	131,073,011
Aeroportul International Henri Coanda		
Bucuresti S.A.	124,980,198	124,980,198
Electrica Muntenia Sud S.A.	90,180,075	90,180,075
Posta Romana S.A.	84,384,880	84,384,880
Other	1,017,239,656	1,029,747,301
	6,042,495,466	6,469,083,111
	9,541,979,640	9,005,477,668

Future changes in the structure of equity investments are to be determined by the Fund Manager.

Equity investments are not pledged as collateral for liabilities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 18. Equity investments (continued)

## Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses equity investments carried at fair value, by valuation method.

The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices)
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### At 31 December 2009:

Level 3	Level 2	Level 1	
			Available-for-sale
_	_	3.499.484.174	financial assets
		3,499,484,174	-
			At 31 December 2008:
Level 3	Level 2	Level 1	
			Available-for-sale
		2,536,394,557	financial assets
		2,536,394,557	
		<u> </u>	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3  2,536,394,557

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 19. Deferred tax assets

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	31 December 2008
Temporary differences deductible		
(taxable)		
Impairment losses on equity investments	4,410,950,425	4,412,433,444
Changes in fair values of equity investments	(1,023,281,650)	(59,519,967)
Provisions	941,286	1,964,000
	3,388,610,061	4,354,877,477
Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) at 16%	542,177,610	696,780,396
Total deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	542,177,610	696,780,396

The effective tax rate used to calculate the deferred tax position of the Fund for the years ended 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 was 16% (standard tax rate).

# 20. Other assets

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Property and equipment	506,074	766,189
Guarantees on leased premises	132,859	132,859
Prepaid expenses	56,883	1,035,143
Other assets	4,312	9,992
	700,128	1,944,183

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

#### 21. Other liabilities

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Current income tax	3,241,334	4,158,587
Dividends payable	1,638,120	2,694,909
Provisions	941,286	1,964,000
Other liabilities	2,482,687	2,325,957
	8,303,427	11,143,453

Provisions were recognised in relation to the changes in the Fund's corporate governance structures following the appointment of the Fund Manager.

# 22. Shareholders' equity

#### (a) Share capital

At 31 December 2009, the authorised and issued share capital comprised 14,240,540,675 ordinary shares (31 December 2008: 14,240,540,675 shares), at a nominal value of RON 1 per share. At 31 December 2009, 482,948,088 ordinary shares (31 December 2008: 482,948,088 shares) were not recognised as either receivables in respect of equity contributions and share capital, given the fact that in August 2010 the shareholders have approved the cancelation of these shares.

No changes occurred in the number of shares issued at establishment by 31 December 2009.

The share capital of the Fund has not been fully paid in by the Romanian State by 31 December 2009. The movements in share capital components are presented below:

	Share capital paid in	Share capital not paid in '	Total share capital
<b>31 December 2007</b>	13,628,578,081	129,014,506	13,757,592,587
Shares contributed in kind			
by the State	631,230	(631,230)	-
Cash contributions	50,065,688	(50,065,688)	-
<b>31 December 2008</b>	13,679,274,999	78,317,588	13,757,592,587
Cash contributions	63,846,176	(63,846,176)	
31 December 2009	13,743,121,175	14,471,412	13,757,592,587

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 22. Shareholders' equity (continued)

## (a) Share capital (continued)

The Fund's ordinary shares paid by shareholders give mainly the following rights:

- to cast votes in the General Shareholders' Meetings;
- to elect or be elected to the governance bodies;
- to participate in profit appropriations.

Shares not paid in (14,471,412 shares at 31 December 2009 and 78,317,588 at 31 December 2008) do not entitle their holder to vote or to receive dividends.

The Fund's ordinary shares are not redeemable.

#### (b) Fair value reserves on available-for-sale financial assets

The fair value reserves of RON 859,556,589 at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: RON 49,996,775) comprise the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets until the investments are derecognised or impaired.

#### (c) Other reserves

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Legal reserve	79,154,937	29,159,238
Other reserves	120,299,556	120,299,556
	199,454,493	149,458,794

As required by the Romanian law, a minimum 5% of the statutory profit for the year must be transferred to the legal reserve. Such annual transfers must be discontinued when the reserve equals 20% of the issued share capital. The legal reserve cannot be used for distributions to shareholders.

Other reserves are created through appropriations of statutory net profits and are used or distributed in accordance with decisions taken by general shareholders' meetings.

#### (d) Dividends

In 2009, the Fund did not declare dividends (2008: RON 89,997,681).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

#### 23. Contingencies

As at 31 December 2009 the Fund was involved in certain litigations and transactions claiming recovery of assets resulting from the Fund's rights that have not been recognised in the financial statements due to uncertainties regarding such assets:

1 The Fund is involved in several litigations regarding delay penalties requested from companies which have not paid dividends to the Fund for the year 2005 (some of the dividends have since been paid to the Fund pursuant to the Fund winning the law suits). Such litigations are yet to be resolved.

The claims filed by the Fund are in compliance with the provisions of Law 31/1990 as republished and further amended and these amounts should be due and paid to the Fund. These amounts shall be recognized as revenues when they are collected.

2 The amounts to be received from the privatization of B.C.R. S.A. to a strategic investor:

In December 2006, the Fund received a cash contribution of EUR 88,394,758 (RON 301,788,543) representing 4% of the amount paid by Erste Bank Austria to the Romanian State in respect of the privatisation of Banca Comerciala Romana S.A. (B.C.R. S.A.). In accordance with the statement of the legislative text, the Fund was entitled to receive as a cash contribution "the amounts received from the sale to the strategic investor of 4% of B.C.R. S.A.'s shares". The Fund interpreted this provision of "4% of the share capital of B.C.R. S.A.", to represent EUR 242,495,438 (RON 1,025,319,211 equivalent; i.e. 4% of B.C.R.'s total share capital to which the price paid by Erste Bank Oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG of 7.65 EUR/share is applied)

As at the date when these financial statements were approved a favourable resolution has not been met and management continue its proceedings in this respect. The difference of EUR 154,100,680 (RON 651,568,493 equivalent) is to be used to pay the majority shareholders' not paid-in share capital and/or to increase the share capital.

In order to recover the respective amount, on 1 October 2008, the Fund has filed a court action to the Bucharest County Court – Commercial section having as defendants the Ministry of Economy and Finance and the Authority for State Assets Recovery ("AVAS").

The litigation is currently in process.

- 3 The Fund shall receive the following amounts from the Romanian State:
  - a 3% of the amounts collected by the institutions involved in the privatization of Romtelecom S.A. until the entire participation is sold;
  - b 20% of the amounts resulting from the privatization of Romtelecom S.A.;
  - c 9.9% of the amounts resulting from the privatisation of C.E.C. S.A.

These amounts shall be recorded as an increase in share capital by the majority shareholder once they are collected or to cover the subscribed and not paid-in share capital.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

#### 23. Contingencies (continued)

4 The amounts resulting from collection of receivables from foreign trade and economic cooperation carried out by Romania before 31 December 1989 and amounts resulting from ownership recovery resulting from commercial and governmental payment agreements and the related technical banking arrangements, after a deduction of 3%, are not currently measurable.

The Fund could not estimate the total amounts to be collected and these amounts will be recognized when collected.

Once the amounts are collected, they will be used to cover first the subscribed and not paid-in share capital by the majority shareholder.

5 The receivables from World Trade Center Bucharest S.A.:

Section II, Article 4 of Government Emergency Ordinance (G.E.O.) nr. 81/2007 stipulates the transfer from AVAS to the Fund of receivables from World Trade Center Bucharest S.A. amounting to USD 68,814,198 (including the original principal and related interest and penalties) at 29 June 2007.

On 1 October 2007 the reception minute no. 633 was concluded between AVAS and the Fund based on which all documents related to the receivable due from World Trade Center Bucharest S.A. were transferred to the Fund. On 4 October 2007, the Fund notified World Trade Center Bucharest S.A. regarding the cession of the receivables. Meanwhile, the transfer was registered with the Electronic Archive for Pledges.

In 2008, World Trade Center Bucharest S.A. paid USD 200,000 to the Fund and in 2009 USD 200,000. In accordance with G.E.O. 81/2007, the cash receipt reduced the balance of the receivables in respect of equity contributions.

Given the uncertainties regarding their recoverability, the World Trade Center Bucharest S.A. receivables were not recognised as an asset at 31 December 2009.

At the date these financial statements were approved, the recoverability of these receivables was not certain.

As at 31 December 2009 the Fund is in dispute with Romarm S.A. which did not transfer certain stakes in Uzina Mecanica Bucuresti S.A. and Electromecanica SA Ploiesti (both subsidiaries of Romarm S.A.), in accordance with Ordinance 81/2007. The provisions of Article 1 paragraph 2 Title II of Emergency Ordinance nr.81/2007 state that "the transfer of ownership of assets under paragraph 1 is made as of the date of entry into force of this Emergency Ordinance, the directors of companies, national societies and national companies being obliged to update its own the records of shareholders and shares. In case the records of shareholders of national societies and national companies are kept by "Depozitarul Central" or by registry companies, the update of the records is done by "Depozitarul Central" and registry companies, on request of the Fund".

Art. 1, paragraph 1, establishes that AVAS will transfer to the Fund a total of 1,002,301 shares of Electromecanica Ploiesti S.A. (point 2.23) and a total of 2,951,053 shares of Uzina Mecanica Bucuresti S.A. (point 2.24).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

Electromecanica and Uzina Mecanica Bucuresti are subsidiaries of Romarm, company owned 100% of AVAS at the effective date of Ordinance 81/2007 and by the Ministry of Economy currently. Considering the fact that the text of the ordinance mentioned that these stakes transfer from AVAS and not from Romarm, the companies have refused to record the Fund as shareholder although there have been several requests in this effect. Also, the Fund requested AVAS, as Romarm single shareholder, to instruct its representatives at the general shareholders meetings of Uzina Mecanica Bucuresti S.A. and Electromecanica Ploiesti S.A. to mandate their boards of directors to record the Fund shareholding both in the shareholders register and at the Trade Register Office.

At present, the Fund has two legal actions at Bucharest court and at Ploiesti court regarding these litigations.

On 31 December 2009, the Fund recorded an impairment loss on the full amount relating to the holding of the two companies, due to the fact that the ownership transfer was not made.

7 There are currently two court litigations of the Fund with Nuclearelectrica:

In the first file the Fund has sued Nuclearelectrica and the Ministry of Economy and Commerce (now the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Business Environment) and asked the court to record the transfer of a total of 20,077,653 shares from the Ministry portfolio to the Fund portfolio, following the updates of the initial stake of the Fund from 1 February 2006 to 13 November 2007.

In the second file, the Fund has requested the partial cancellation of the Resolution of Nuclearelectrica's Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting no.14 of 26 September 2006, whereby the social capital was increased by an amount of RON 363,368,250, representing the equivalent amount of 315 tonnes heavy water, which was transferred from state reserves to Nuclearelectrica free of charge; and the allocation of an additional number of 7,267,365 new shares issued by Nuclearelectrica following the share capital increase.

On 31 December 2009 the Fund owns 9.72% of the share capital of the Nuclearelectrica, as recorded at the Trade Register Office.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties

## (a) Parent

At 31 December 2008, the shareholders' structure was as follows:

Shareholders	No of	No of shares	Amount	% held
	shareholders			
TTI D		0.545.006.535	0.545.006.505	60.2007
The Romanian State	1	9,545,896,737	9,545,896,737	69.39%
Individuals	2,003	3,552,209,525	3,552,209,525	25.82%
Companies	29	659,486,325	659,486,325	4.79%
	2,033	13,757,592,587	13,757,592,587	100%

At 31 December 2009, the shareholders' structure was:

Shareholders	No of	No of shares	Amount	% held
	shareholders			
The Romanian State	1	8,102,262,012	8,102,262,012	58.89%
Individuals	3,037	4,267,122,366	4,267,122,366	31.02%
Companies	68	1,388,208,209	1,388,208,209	10.09%
	3,106	13,757,592,587	13,757,592,587	100%

The Romanian State controls the Fund and is represented by the Ministry of Public Finance.

At 31 December 2009, the Fund had receivables in respect of equity contributions from the Romanian State amounting to RON 14,471,412 (31 December 2008: RON 78,317,588).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties (continued)

# (b) Key management personnel

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Salaries		
Members of the Supervisory Board	3,168,031	2,504,418
Directors	5,468,040	904,593
	8,636,071	3,409,011

There were no loans to or other transactions between the Fund and its management in 2008 and in 2009. At 31 December 2009, Mr. Ionut Popescu, the President of the Board of Directors owned 16,632,186 shares of the Fund.

## (c) Subsidiaries

The Fund has the following subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Romania:

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Ownership interest		
Alcom S.A. Timisoara	72%	72%
Carom - Broker de Asigurare S.A.		
Bucuresti	70%	70%
Comsig S.A. Sighisoara	70%	70%
Delfincom S.A. Bucuresti	66%	66%
Prestari Servicii S.A. Bucuresti	71%	71%
Primcom S.A. Bucuresti	79%	79%
Romplumb S.A. Baia Mare	51%	51%
Telerom Proiect S.A. Bucuresti	69%	69%
Zirom S.A. Giurgiu	100%	100%

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties (continued)

# (c) Subsidiaries (continued)

	Year ended 31 December 2009	Year ended 31 December 2008
Gross dividend income		
Primcom S.A.	1,524,281	1,154,234
Alcom SA	12,696	-
Delfincom SA	-	701,954
Carom - Broker de Asigurare S.A.		
Bucuresti	183,070	101,579
	1,720,047	1,957,767
Impairment losses recognised on		
dividends receivable		
Carom - Broker de Asigurare S.A.		
Bucuresti	(10,158)	(10,158)
	(10,158)	(10,158)
Dividends received (net of withholding		
tax)		
Primcom S.A.	1,524,281	1,154,234
Alcom SA	12,327	-
Delfincom SA	-	631,759
Carom - Broker de Asigurare S.A. Bucures		91,421
	1,701,371	1,877,414
	<b>31 December 2009</b>	<b>31 December 2008</b>
Dividends receivable		
Carom - Broker de Asigurare S.A.		
Bucuresti	188,385	170,078
	188,385	170,078
Impairment loss allowance		
Carom - Broker de Asigurare S.A.		
Bucuresti	(170,078)	(170,078)
	(170,078)	(170,078)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties (continued)

# (d) Associates

The Fund has the following associate, which is incorporated in Romania:

	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
Ownership interest		
Petrom S.A. Bucuresti	20%	20%
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
Gross dividend income		
Petrom S.A.		217,570,587
	-	217,570,587
Dividends received (net of withholding	tax)	
Petrom S.A.		195,813,528
	-	195,813,528

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties (continued)

# (e) State controlled entities

	Year ended 31 December 2009	Year ended 31 December 2008
Gross dividend income		
Romgaz S.A.	40,912,828	38,685,776
Transgaz S.A.	18,475,571	17,046,229
Aeroportul International Henri Coanda		
Bucuresti S.A.	10,127,189	8,438,384
Conpet S.A.	7,116,275	2,340,125
Transelectrica S.A.	2,968,564	3,562,277
Complexul Energetic Turceni S.A.	2,331,100	8,166,104
Electrica Furnizare Transilvania Sud SA	895,721	-
Aeroportul International Timisoara - Traian		
Vuia S.A.	474,502	281,974
Complexul Energetic Craiova S.A.	464,389	1,079,249
Administratia Porturilor Dunarii Fluviale		
S.A.	463,384	518,120
Societatea Nationala a Sarii S.A.	269,771	131,997
Administratia Canalelor Navigabile S.A.	216,938	19,569
Electrica Furnizare Transilvania Nord SA	62,375	-
Oil Terminal S.A.	54,148	465,944
Posta Romana S.A.	4,099	3,564,118
Complexul Energetic Rovinari S.A.	3,751	9,103,431
Administratia Porturilor Maritime S.A.	1,360	1,448,782
	84,841,965	94,852,079

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties (continued)

# (e) State controlled entities

31 D	Year ended ecember 2009	Year ended 31 December 2008
Impairment losses on dividends receivable		
Recognised		
Conpet S.A.		(194,556)
	-	(194,556)
Reversed		
Imprimeria Nationala S.A.	-	6,029,884
Complexul Energetic Rovinari S.A.	-	2,697,838
Complexul Energetic Craiova S.A.	-	565,927
Administratia Canalelor Navigabile S.A.	-	189,805
Complexul Energetic Turceni S.A.	-	148,326
	-	9,631,780
		9,437,224

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties (continued)

# (e) State controlled entities (continued)

	Year ended 31 December 2009	Year ended 31 December 2008		
Dividends received (net of withholding tax)				
Romgaz S.A.	40,912,828	34,817,198		
Transgaz S.A.	18,475,571	15,341,606		
Aeroportul International Henri Coanda				
Bucuresti S.A.	10,127,189	8,438,384		
Conpet S.A.	7,116,275	1,911,556		
Transelectrica S.A.	2,968,564	5,775,295		
Complexul Energetic Turceni S.A.	2,331,100	8,314,430		
Electrica Furnizare Transilvania Sud SA	895,721	-		
Aeroportul International Timisoara - Traian				
Vuia S.A.	728,279	-		
Complexul Energetic Craiova S.A.	464,389	1,537,251		
Administratia Porturilor Dunarii Fluviale				
S.A.	463,384	518,120		
Oil Terminal S.A.	273,458	200,000		
Societatea Nationala a Sarii SA	269,771	118,797		
Administratia Canalelor Navigabile S.A.	216,938	209,374		
Electrica Furnizare Transilvania Nord SA	62,375	-		
Posta Romana S.A.	4,099	3,564,118		
Complexul Energetic Rovinari S.A.	3,751	10,890,926		
Administratia Porturilor Maritime SA	1,360	1,303,904		
Imprimeria Nationala S.A.		7,685,153		
	85,315,052	100,626,112		

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Related parties (continued)

# (e) State controlled entities (continued)

	<b>31 December 2009</b>	31 December 2008
Dividends receivable		
Romgaz S.A.	18,510,456	18,510,456
Transgaz S.A.	9,634,993	9,634,993
Conpet S.A.	636,007	636,007
Oil Terminal S.A.	40	219,350
Aeroportul International Timisoara - Traian		
Vuia S.A.		253,777
	28,781,496	29,254,583
Impairment loss allowance		
Romgaz S.A.	(18,510,456)	(18,510,456)
Transgaz S.A.	(9,634,993)	(9,634,993)
Conpet S.A.	(636,007)	(636,007)
	(28,781,456)	(28,781,456)
	40	473,127

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (all amounts are in RON unless otherwise stated)

#### 25. Subsequent events

In June 2009, Franklin Templeton Investment Management Ltd United Kingdom was selected as Fund Manager and Sole Director of Fondul Proprietatea. The fund management contract was signed in February 2010. In September 2010, Franklin Templeton Investment Management Ltd United Kingdom Sucursala Bucuresti took over effectively the management of Fondul Proprietatea.

In March 2010, the National Securities Commission (NSC) issued Regulation 4/2010 regarding the Fund's registration with NSC, its functioning and the trading of its shares. At the date these financial statements were authorised for issue, the Fund was in the process of listing its shares to the Bucharest Stock Exchange.

In August 2010, in accordance with Law 142/2010, 482,948,088 unpaid shares of the Fund were cancelled by the Romanian State, represented by the Ministry of Public Finance. In September 2010, the share capital was increased to RON 13,778,392,208 following contributions made by the State.

By 22 September 2010, the State's share in Fondul Proprietatea decreased to 44.718%.

Through Government Ordinance 18/2010 regarding the revision of 2010 state budget, the Government decided to request from a number of companies in the portfolio of the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Business Environment to donate significant amounts to the state budget, in order to cover the macroeconomic deficit this year. In accordance with this ordinance, Romgaz S.A. may donate, following the agreement of its majority shareholders, up to RON 400 million in 2010. This donation would decrease Romgaz S.A. shareholders' equity.

Through Government Emergency Ordinance 91/2010 regarding the allocation of amounts from the recovery of Romania's foreign currency rights, the Government decided not to transfer additional amounts to Fondul Proprietatea, resulting from the foreign trade and economic cooperation carried out by Romania before 31 December 1989 and from recovery of rights resulting from commercial and governmental payment agreements and the related technical banking arrangements.

Fondul's General Shareholders' Meeting approved in September 2010 the distribution of dividends of RON 0.0816 per share, in relation to 2008 and 2009 statutory profits.